# The Garden International School Sherpur, Patna

Chapter – 1

# **Living and Nonliving Things**

The world in which we live is very beautiful. There are many things around us. These are air, water, mountains, vehicles, toys, buildings, plants, animals, birds, sun, moon, stars etc.

Things that have life in them are called living things. Humans, plants, animals and birds are all living things. Things that do not have life are called nonliving things. Objects like table, chair. pen, car etc. are nonliving things. Everything around us can be grouped as living or nonliving.

#### • FEATURES OF LIVING THINGS

All living things have special features as they grow, move, feel, need food, breathe and reproduce.

- 1. Living things grow
- 2. Living things need food and water
- 3. Living things move
- 4. Living things breath
- 5. Living things reproduce
- 6. Living things have a lifespan
- 7. Living things can feel change in the surrounding
- 8. Living things give out waste product

## • Difference between living and non-living things.

Living things	Non-living things
Living things need air to breathe.	Non-living things do not breathe.
Living things need food to live and grow.	Non-living things do not need food.
Living things grow and change with time.	Non-living things do not grow
Living things move on their own in search	Non-living things do not move own their
of food and shelter.	own.
Living things feel changes around them.	Non-living things do not feel changes
	around them.
Living things reproduce.	Non-living things do not reproduce.

#### • TIME TO SUMMARISE

- ✓ Things we see around can be broadly divided into two groups living things and non living things.
- $\checkmark$  Natural things are not made by man. These are gifted to us by nature.
- ✓ All man made and some natural things are non living things.
- ✓ Living things grow but non living things don 't.
- ✓ Living things need food and water but non living things don 't.
- ✓ Living things move but non living things move only when they are moved by someone or something.
- ✓ Living things breathe but non living things don 't.
- ✓ Living things reproduce but non living things don 't.

- ✓ Living things have a lifespan but non living things do not have a lifespan.
- ✓ Living things can feel changes in the surroundings but non living things cannot feel, any changes.
- ✓ Living things give out waste products but non living things don't. We must care for plants, animals and our surroundings.

#### Excise:

## A. Answer the following questions.

- **i.** What are living things?
- **ii.** What are non-living things?
- **iii.** What are natural things?
- iv. What are man-made things?
- **v.** Give two examples of living things.
- **vi.** Give two examples of non-living things.
- **vii.** Give two examples of natural things.
- viii. Give two examples of man-made things.
- ix. What are the five differences between living things and non-living things?
- **x.** What are man made things?
- **xi.** Why do animals move from one place to another?
- **xii.** Why do living things need food?
- **xiii.** Name any two animals that reproduce by giving birth to babies.
- **xiv.** Write six features of living things.

B. <b>N</b>	ame the following:	
i.	Any two living things. a b	
ii.	Any two non-living things. a b	
iii.	Any two animals living in water. a b	
iv.	Any two animals living on land. a b	
v.	Any two animals that crawl on land. a b	
vi.	Any two animals that have horns. a b	
vii.	Any two food items we eat also eaten by animals. a b	
viii.	An animal that lives in water and it is also a mammal. a b	
C. F	ill in the blanks :	
i.	All plants and are living things. (animals/wood)	
ii.	Most plants grow from (seeds/eggs)	
iii.	Non-living things found in nature are called things. (man-made/natural)	
iv.	Non-living things made by man are called things.	
	(manmade/natura)	
v.	Animals lay or give birth to young ones. (seeds/eggs)	
vi.	We find and things in our	
	surroundings.	
vii	Living things show	
vii	i. Animals and human beings have	
ix.	can move, butcannot move.	

х.	Agrows into a man or woman.		
xi.	things need food and water.		
xii.	Plants prepare their own food by the process of		
xiii.	is required for photosynthesis.		
xiv.	Human beings breathe through		
XV.	breathe through pores in leaves.		
D. Aı	nswer the following questions.		
a)	Where do we get food from?		
b)	b) Why do we cook food? Give three reasons.		
c)	) Why should we prefer pressure cooker for cooking pulses, rice etc.?		
E. Na	ame the following.		
a)	Any four cereals		
b)	Any four pulses		
c)	Any two food-items eaten both raw and cooked		
d)	Any three non –vegetarian food		

## **PLANTS**

We all are the part of the our environment. Nature has created living things in the form of plants and animals. It has gifted them their body parts for different types of functions to perform and satisfy their own needs.

## Parts of the Plant.

i. Root: To take water & Minerals from the soil.

ii. Stem: Support plant's part.

**iii.** Leaf: To make own food.

iv. Trunk: To support body parts.

**v.** Flower: Reproductive part of the plant.

#### New words learnt.

**Leaf blade or lamina** – the flat broad part of the leaf.

**Photosynthesis** – the process of making food in the green leaves of plants using air, water and sunlight.

#### • Let us recall.

- ✓ The different parts of a plant are root, stem, leaf, flower, fruit and seed.
- ✓ Roots are of two types tap root and fibrous root.
- Roots absorb water and minerals from the soil, fix the plant in the soil and store food.
- ✓ Stem bears branches, leaves, flowers and fruits. They transport water and food and store food.
- ✓ Leaves make food for the plant and help it to breathe.
- ✓ Flowers grow into fruits which have seeds in them.
- ✓ The growth of a new plant from a seed is called germination.

## • Keywords for chapter plant.

- ✓ Herbs the plant which have soft and
- ✓ green stems called herbs. Ex. mint, coriander
- ✓ Shrubs the plants which have thin and woody stems called shrubs. Ex. rose , cotton and hibiscus.
- ✓ Trunk trees have hard, thick and woody stem called trunk, it holds the tree upright.
- ✓ Photosynthesis the process in which green leaves help the plant to prepare food with the help of air, water, and sunlight.

#### Excise:

Linseed

iv.

#### 1. Plant's Products. **A.** Cereals: there are also known as Grains. i. Rice iii. Maize ii. iv. Millets Wheat **B**. Pulses: these are commonly known as Dals. i. Black gram iv. Moong dal ii. White gram Masure dal v. iii. Arhar dal Spices: these adds a special flavour to our food. i. Mustard iii. Cardamom ii. Cumin iv. Chillies **D.** Oils: these makes our food tasty and very well cooked. i. Mustard iii. Coconut

Ground nut

Sunflower

ii.

2. Fill up the blan	nks.
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Maize	Moong dal	Mustard	Coconut	Camel
Cashew nut	Bear	sheep	Duck	Spider

- i. \_\_\_\_\_ is a type of Dals.
- ii. \_\_\_\_\_ is both plant & animal eater.
- iii. \_\_\_\_\_\_ is a milk producing animal.
- iv. \_\_\_\_\_ is a type of oil.
- v. \_\_\_\_\_ is an insect eater.
- vi. \_\_\_\_\_ gives eggs.
- vii. \_\_\_\_\_ is a type of dry fruits.
- viii. \_\_\_\_\_\_ is a type of spices.
- ix. \_\_\_\_\_ is a type of cereals.
- **x.** \_\_\_\_\_ is also a meat producing animal.

## 3. Name the following.

- i. Two cereals \_\_\_\_\_
- ii. Two dry fruits \_\_\_\_\_
- iii. Two grain eaters \_\_\_\_\_\_
- iv. Two milk producer \_\_\_\_\_

4	4	Fill in the blanks
		are of different shapes and sizes.
		2 are tall and strong.
		Plants smaller than shrubs are called
		4. Peepal is an example of
		5. The and grows in water.
		6. Rose is an example of
		7 have leaves.
		8 and trees grow in warm places
		9. The tree grows in hot places near the sea.
		10. Most leaves are in colour.
		11. The plant grows in hot deserts.
		12 prepare food for plants.
		13 are our green friends.
		14 are called the kitchen of the plant.
		15. We get our food from
		16 and are necessary for the survival of all living beings
;	5	Choose the correct answer
		Rose, Hibiscus and Mehandi are(herbs, shrubs, climbers)
		2. Balsam, grass and sunflower are (trees, herbs, creepers)
		3. Wood of trees is used for making cricket bat. ( willow, coconut, mango)
		4. Fir and pine trees grow in places. (warm, hot, cold)
		5 plant gives us oil. (cotton, sunflower, spinach)
6.	Na	ame the following.
••		v
	i.	Any two plants whose leaves we eat
	ii.	Any two plants that give us oil.
	iii.	Any two plants grow in water.
	1110	my two plants grow in water.

7.	Match the following.			
	Rose		Mountain	
	Sunf	lower	Shrub	
	Cott	on	Desert	
	Cact	zus	Herb	
	Cras	SS .	Medicine	
	Pine		oil	
	Leav	ves	fibre	
	Tulsi		kitchen	
	i.	Define herbs, shrubs and trees. Give two what are the uses of plants?	examples each.	